PROCEDURES FOR CALCULATING SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME

Step	Process	Food Assistance	Cash Assistance
1.	Determine if the assistance group member is self-employed. Review the current year's IRS Publication 15-A and IRS Publication 1779 to help differentiate an employed individual from a self-employed individual. Being paid "under the table" or when taxes are not withheld from the assistance group member's pay may not necessarily indicate that he or she is self-employed. Note: If the assistance group member receives a 1099, then he or she is considered self-employed even if the employer misclassified him or her as self-employed.	5101:4-4-19 5101:4-6-11	5101:1-23-20
2.	 Request the previous year's tax records whenever possible. If the previous year's tax records are not available, then request actual business records. If the self-employment income and expenses reported on the previous year's tax records are not representative for the future certification period, then also request actual business records. If the business records are also unavailable, then use the assistance group's statement about anticipated income and expenses. Instruct the assistance group that documentation of the self-employment will be required at the next recertification or whenever a change is reported. Use the best available information to determine representative self-employment income and expenses. Once the best 	5101:4-6-11	5101:1-23-20

Total the self-employment income, and then divide by the number of months that the income is intended to cover. If the self-employment enterprise has been in existence for less than 5101:4-6-11	:1-23-20
a year, then divide the self-employment income by the number of months the enterprise has been in operation. The monthly self-employment income figure has been determined.	
Total the allowable self-employment expenses, if any. The self-employed assistance group member has the option of either using: • Actual allowable expenses, or • Fifty percent of the self-employment income as a standard self-employment expense. The self-employed assistance group member is entitled to have fifty percent of his or her self-employment income as an expense even if he or she does not claim expenses. Divide the self-employment expense by the number of months that the corresponding self-employment income is intended to cover. The monthly self-employment expense figure has been determined. Note: An in-home daycare provider cannot have actual expenses evaluated. If he or she provides the children in his or her care with a meal and/or snack, then fifty percent of the self-employment income is used as an expense. If he or she does not provide the children in his or her care with a meal and/or snack, then fifty percent of the self-employment income is used as an expense. If he or she does not provide the children in his or her care with a meal and/or snack, then there are no expenses to consider. This	:1-23-20

	Program (CACFP). *Note* The portion of CACFP income intended for the provider's own children is not countable.		
5.	Subtract the monthly self-employment expense figure determined in Step 4 from the monthly self-employment income figure determined in Step 3. The monthly gross self-employment income has been determined. Note: If the monthly gross self-employment income is zero dollars or less, then there is no gross self-employment income to consider, unless there is a loss (i.e., negative dollars) from self-employment farming: losses from self-employment farming can be used to offset, first, other gross self-employment income, and then all other assistance group income after the earned income deduction has been applied.	5101:4-6-11	5101:1-23-20
6.	Add the monthly gross self-employment income determined in Step 5 to any other assistance group countable earned and/or unearned income and determine eligibility for the appropriate program.	5101:4-6-11 5101:4-4-27 5101:4-4-31	5101:1-23-20 5101:1-23-20.1 5101:1-23-20.2
7.	Complete running record comments.		